

## CHAPTER 157

Law  
2 of 1959

## THE SEX DISQUALIFICATION (REMOVAL) LAW

[16th February, 1959]

1. This Law may be cited as the Sex Disqualification (Removal) Law. Short title.
2. In this Law "Judge" means the Judge of the Grand Court. Interpretation.
3. A person shall not be disqualified by sex or marriage from the exercise of any public function, or from being appointed to or holding any civil or judicial office or post, or from entering or assuming or carrying on any civil profession or vocation, or for admission to any incorporated society (whether incorporated by Royal Charter or otherwise) and a person shall not be exempted by sex or marriage from the liability to serve as a juror or to pay any tax. Removal of disqualification on grounds of sex.
4. (1) The Judge or Magistrate before whom a case is or may be heard may, in his discretion, on application or otherwise, exempt a woman from service on a jury by reason of the nature of the evidence to be given or of the issues to be tried. Exemption of women in certain cases.
- (2) The Judge may make rules—
- (a) prescribing the proportion of female jurors to be summoned;
- (b) exempting from attendance as jurors any women who are for medical reasons unfit to attend;
- (c) as to the procedure to be adopted on any application under this section relating to service on juries,
- and any such rules may require or authorize an application under this section, or any order thereunder, to be made in interlocutory proceedings, and shall have full effect notwithstanding any existing rule of law or practice to the contrary.
5. The provisions of any Law, so far as they are inconsistent with the provisions of this Law, shall cease to have effect. This Law to prevail notwithstanding inconsistencies.

